ENGLISH								
Spoken Word	Word Reading	Comprehension	Writing – transcription	Writing – Handwriting	Writing – Composition	Writing – Grammar, Vocabulary and Punctuation		
Pupils should be taught to: Ilisten and respond appropriat ely to adults and their peers ask relevant questions to extend their understan ding and knowledg e use relevant strategies to build their vocabular y articulate and justify answers, argument s and opinions give well-	Pupils should be taught to: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent read read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes	Pupils should be taught to: develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales being introduced to non-fiction	Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to: spell by: segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones learning to spell common exception words learning to spell more words with contracted forms learning the	Pupils should be taught to: form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship	Pupils should be taught to: develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) writing about real events writing poetry writing for different purposes consider what they are going to write before beginning by: planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence	Pupils should be taught to: develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) learn how to use: sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly] the present and past tenses		

structured descriptio ns, explanati ons and narratives for	read accurately words of two or more syllables that	books that are structured in different ways recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and	possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] distinguishing	to one another and to lower case letters use spacing between words that	 make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils 	correctly and consistently including the progressive form subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-
different purposes, including for expressin g feelings maintain attention and participat e actively in collaborat ive conversat ions, staying on topic and initiating and respondin g to comment s use spoken language to develop understan	contain the same graphemes as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspond ences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding	poetry discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary discussing their favourite words and phrases continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: drawing on what they already know or on background information and	between homophones and near-homophones add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, - ness, -ful, -less, -ly apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.	reflects the size of the letters.	 re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly] read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear. 	ordination (using or, and, or but) the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2 some features of written Standard English use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.
ding	and	vocabulary				

through speculatin g, hypothesi sing, imagining and exploring ideas speak audibly and fluently with an increasin g command of Standard English	blending, when they have been frequently encountere d read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatical ly and without	provided by the teacher checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done answering and asking questions predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far		
e in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the	undue hesitation re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.	about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.		

	listener(s)			
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	and			
	evaluate			
	different			
	viewpoint			
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	to and			
	building			
	on the			
	contributi			
	ons of			
	others			
	select			
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	effective			
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